TWO MEALS PER DAY.

TO INTERRUPT WORK AT MIDDAY IS A GREAT MISTAKE.

A Pernicious Custom of the Anglo-Saxon Race-Effects of Overworking the Stomach - Benefits of Occasional Fasting. The Chinese Habit.

Now, say that breakfast time is 7 o'clock. It takes a full hour afterward before it is safe to interfere the nervous energy essential to digestion. By 10 o'clock a healthy person ought to be in good condition for work. At about 11 o'clock the air out of doors reaches the highest point of purity, or in other words, the oxygen or purity, or in other words, the oxygen in the atmosphere is approaching the max-imum. It continues in this state until 1 o'clock p. m. The electricity following the sun is then at its height. So we have at midday the inner and

outer conditions for the greatest brain and bodily power. To interrupt work at such a time is a mistake which the Anglo-Saxon race does not realize, because it has inherited the custom of stopping to take provisions between 12 and 2 o'clock in the

All kinds of mental and physical work proceed by better sustained attention. The difference between an Isaac Newton and an ordinary mortal is shown in the case with which the occupation of the day is thrown aside in order to do what is described as "fortifying the inner man."
Newton could concentrate his mind upon subject so as to be oblivious of all else, including eating and sleeping, for twentyfour hours. I think there is an appropri ateness in comparing the too frequently loaded human stomach to an engine which is all fired and working splendidly when the fire is buried under new coals and the steam cooled down by a deluge of water. I am convinced that there ought to be an interval of at least seven hours between the two meals of the day. If there must be a brief rest from labbr at noon it will be found healthier to do anything else than eat and drink

Nature is quicker to forgive the mis-take of sleeping, bathing or walking too much than the fault of oppressing the man with an unnecessary load of The theory that the stomach desomething to sustain it after a few hours from the last time it took food is as wild as that a horse should be put to work in a very little while after it has had hard

BENEFITS OF FASTING.

The stomach is not dependent upon work for its health, except as, of course, it and the whole body must have the blood made from its digested food; but this blood does not need replenishing so often as is supposed, considering that it remains in the system and continues an endless circuit.

Disease is occasioned by the over fatigue of the digestive system, just as overwork kills the horse. Many persons of mature judgment obtain relief from bodily troubles by fasts of three days. I have often tried this experiment, and have always found that the stomach gains in tone. I have even done the seven day
fast, studying and working the whole
time, and believe it did me good.
Fasting for long periods has to be done

intelligently or it may do more harm than good. I can fully appreciate the danger of advising any particular course of action outside the line beyond which everyday people should go; but there is good ground for advising them to become accustomed

When Christ sat at the well in Samaria waiting for his cold victuals it was 6 o'clock p. m., Roman reckoning. He is never mentioned as having eaten at noon. The eating habits of his disciples were The only exception to the general record was St. Peter, who is said to have eaten a noon meal on the roof at Joppa; but, judging from what appears concerning him, I believe he was then only breaking his fast for the

The Chinese habit of enting only twice a day is confined to those who do not work in the fields. The latter mentioned

class eat three times.

To break off the habit of eating the noon meal, it only requires about four days' persistent fasting. After that the craving for food will become more and more moderate, and ultimately disappear. -W. Crofut in Herald of Health.

Hints to Swimmers.

The expert swimmer acquires the knack of expelling a little air the instant he finds himself going under. This drives out any water that may have been inhaled if he has been taken by surprise by a wave or by any other sudden immersion, and he can usually hold his breath long igh to reach the surface. If not he is kept under water too long for his non-breathing powers—he involuntarily tries to breathe, and drowns, as do the por e and his confreres under like condi-

The cruel and dangerous practice among boys of ducking one another vio-lently and at unexpected moments, much as it is to be reprehended, has probably saved more lives than it has sacrificed, for it teaches its victims to catch the breath almost as instinctively as does a

The same end may be attained, how-ever, by less brutal methods, if the learner will begin by ducking himself in shallow water, and as the submerged con-dition becomes familiar, advance to diving, swimming under water, and the like, he bounds of reason, it is a matter of indifference whether the head is under water or not.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Killing Rats by Strategy.

"To attempt to catch rats by traps or poisoning them suddenly will fail," by poisoning them suddenly will fall, said an old rat catcher recently to a re porter. "Old rats know too much and can be caught only by kindness. To de can be caught only by kindness. To destroy them give them a good meal every day. Do not put any poison in the food, but simply prepare a dish for them daily, as a free lunch, composed of corn meal moistened with milk, into which one egg with salt to season has been beaten. list they may not touch it, but keep it before them, making it fresh every day. They will soon try a little, and if not injurious their suspicions will be allayed. In a week or ten days they will expect it and every rat on the place will be at the appointed spot for the treat. Give plenty appointed spot for the fall the rats in the ighborhood to join in. Do not be in a hurry to poison them. If they eat all the food give them a larger portion next time.

As soon as they have thrown off all suspicion get some phosphorus paste or other rat poison, mix it with the food and be sure to give them enough and something to spare, so as to induce all to eat. They will either be killed or become so suspicious of all food that not a rat will remain. -New York Mail and Express.

Florida's Razor Backs.

We have seen his long tusks divide a dog like a sword; we have seen a panther so terribly wounded that the poor cat crept off in despair to die, while the hog recked not of flowing blood from his own neck and shoulder, but promptly chal-lenged a renewal of the fight. At Tocio ely a hog made it a point to stand on the track whenever he saw the locomotive coming, and the considerate engineer

him off. At last, tired of humanity which aroused no gratitude, the train hands assembled by invitation to see that hog demolished. He was on the track awaiting his doom, and extra speed was drawn from fat pine hurled into the furnace with malice prepense. The hog raised his head in surprise when no stop was made, and seeing his danger, started at a gallop down the track. In vain the engine rushed forward with maddening speed, till coaches rocked and ladies screamed in terror. When the train reached Palatka the hog was eating waste

corn at Vertees' stable.

On another occasion the writer of this was sleeping in camp, and around lay a pack of hounds who had often proved that a bear at bay brought no terror to their hearts, and who carried scars honorably earned in strife with the wildcat and panther. But a number of these rabacks came around in the dead of night, and when the dogs attempted to drive them off, they charged like warriors true and tried. They swept off the dogs and charged over the hunters. Blankets, guns, cooking utensiis, and fishing rods became things of the past, and stout men took refuge in the boats. Then, to save the dogs, revolvers entered into the fray and finally the flerce grunters moved off in search of pastures new. With the early dawn came a long, lean man who carried a rifle as long as himself, and he assessed the damages which the hogs should have paid and carried off the slain, which the victors did not want.-Palatka News.

The Handwriting of Poets.

"The old idea that nearly all great literary geniuses, especially poets, wrote poor hands has been exploded thoroughly," said an expert penman to a re-He meditated a few minutes and proceeded in the same strain: "To illustrate, Edgar Allan Poe wrote a fine hand. It was rather small, but legible as print. He never scrawled, however fast be wrote. His life was checkered enough to upset his nerves, but through it all he wrote a fair, smooth, round hand. Richard Henry Stoddard, the white haired poet, perhaps wrote the most beautiful hand of any of the American poets up to several years ago. It was somewhat like the Spencerian system of today. The letters were well formed and even, and properly shaded. Even now, well advanced in years, he writes a fine copy hand as easy to read as print. Some of his best poems are written in a hand of such neatness and legibility as would put the typewriter to the blush. Mr. Stoddard handles a pen with wonderful celer-ity yet. William Cullen Bryant also wrote a good hand. It was not as beautiful even as Mr. Stoddard's, but as fair and legible as the most hypercritical could desire. Mr. Bryant's handwriting has been much discussed. He wrote a bet-ter hand than Poe, though the latter was better at certain times than others. John G. Whittier is master of a fine, plain hand that the printers bless. It is as simple, small and unassuming as he is, and can be read easily. John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home," could well have passed for an instructor in penmanship, his handwriting was so admira-ble. It was somewhat too small, if anything, but all the letters were formed with startling accuracy."-New York

A New Cure for Consumption.

Considerable sensation has been created in medical circles in Vienna by the discovery of a supposed cure for consump-tion and other tubercular affections of the lungs or other parts of the body. The discoverer is Dr. Kolischer, a young operator in the clinical department of Professor Albert. Dr. Kolischer, starting on the assumption that tuberculosis occasionally heals naturally, owing to the tubercles becoming calcined, hit upon the idea of causing artificial calcination by means of hypodermic injections of a compound de scribed as "calcium phosphoricum" into the limbs of persons affected with local periments with a view of testing his discovery, and in every case the experiments turned out successful. At the last meeting of the Vienna Society of Physicians Dr. Kolischer read a paper on the result of his experiments, and introduced to the meeting several persons who had been cured by his method. He is about to carry his experiments further by making similar experiments upon persons suffer-ing from tuberculosis of the lungs.—London Chronicle.

Under the World's Heel.

How pathetic are the instances of men who are not only in misfortune, and who have lost all they once held, but whose very names are forgotten. I remember there was a conductor on the Eighth Ave nue railroad, who ran his car between the hours of 11 in the night and 11 the fol-lowing morning. He was a subject of so much talk among the night editors of the morning papers who rode upon his line that I once went over at the request of one of them one night just to see him. He was as fine and aristocratic a looking man as I have ever seen. No one ever found out his history, for he could not be drawn into conversation. He did his work in a quiet and respectful way for a year, and then disappeared, nobody knows where. In a like manner I have seen porters in big dry goods houses, clerks and men in almost every lowly walk of life, whose faces indicated a history that

was unmistakably pathetic. The waifs of the street, the children of the gutters, the unhappy little ones in boarding houses and the outcasts of the slums are more to be envied than the gentle, courteous and dependent old men who have been forced under by the iron heel of a world that thunders along at a breakneck pace, and from which they try to shield themselves by a gentleness that the rushing world has not time to see.— Blakely Hall in The Argonaut.

Old Indian Relies

The Pima Indians have as much talent for imitation as the Chinamen. They are all busily engaged now in the manufacture of old relies, which they bring to Phonix and sell for 10 cents spiece. The latest is a good imitation of a Gila monster, life size.-Chicago News.

The Tonga Islands King.

The king of the Tonga islands dresses in well made European clothes which set off his handsome figure, but he can get no civilized shoes to fit him, because his feet are so large and have so enormous a development of heel .- Chicago News.

New Books.

The following new books have been ecently added to Sol I-racl's circulating ibrary:

Mark Twaln's English as She is Taught ret Hari's Millionaires of Rough and Ready. Bret Harr's The Crusade of the Excelsion, Marion Crawford's Saracinesca. Balzac's The Alkahest, or the House of Claes Balzac's The Two Brothers, Balgac's Cresar Birotteau, Balgae's The Country Doctor. Balzac's Eugene Grandet

George Meredith's Novels. Lusk's The Yoke of the Shorak. Stinke's Euchholz Family. (Second Part.)

Dudley Warner's Their Pilgrimage. Subscription \$1 a month; single copies loaned for 25 cents.



Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness More economical then the ordinary kinds and cannot be sold in competion with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans.

POWDER

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y APPLICATIONS FOR PATENT.

APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT NO. 487 Satise of Application of the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Company for a U. S. Patent for the White Tail-

| First Publication August 27, 1887. |

ed Deer Mining Claim. UNIT D STATES LAND OFFICE, Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 24 A. D. 1887.

To all hom it May Concern: Notice is ner-by given that the Copper Queen on clidated Mining Company, a corporation of organized under the laws of the State of New York, and having complied with the cor-poration laws of the Territory of riz ra, by Bon William resagest, shore postoffice arteress s Toubstone, in the ounty of Cochise, and Ferritory of Arizona, has filed its application in this office or a patent to fitteen hundred linear feet of the Wane Tailed Deer M. C vein, lode, test of the White Failed Deer M. C vein, lode, or mineral deposit, bearing gold, silver, lead, copper, and ther minerals, with surface ground six hundred feet in width, lying and being within the Warren Mining District, County of Cochise an Territory of Arizona. And the said corporation by its said agent being now about to make application through this office to the United States for a patent for said mining claim, which said claim is more fully and particularly described, as to metes and bounds, by the official plat and field notes of the survey thereof now on file in the office of the Register of the U. S. Land Office, at Tucson, in the Territory of Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with magnetic variation claim on the surface, with magnetic variation it 12° 5' East, as follows, to-wit:

Begining at the initial monument mentioned

Begining at the initial monument mentioned in location notice, and situate in center of claim; thence running 8 37 co E 750 feet, to a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches, and six feet long, marked W. T. D. M. C. Post r; thence N 61° 45′ E 300 feet to a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches, six feet long, and marked W. T. D. M. C. Post z; thence N 37° co' W 1500 feet to a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches and six feet long, marked W. T. D. M. C. Post z; thence S of x x' W 500 feet to a location to the state of t Post 3; thence S 61° 45' W 500 feet t a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches and six feet long, marked W. T. D. M. C. Post 4; thence continuing same course 300 feet, to a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches and six feet long, marked W. T. D. M. C. Post 5; thence S 37° co' E. 1500 feet to a location monument containing a post 4x6 inches, and six feet 'ong, marked W. T. D. M. C. Post 6; thence N 61° 45′ 300 feet to a monument con-taining post 1 W. T. D. M. C., the place of beginning of the exterior boundary, and con-taining an area of 20.45 acres; the said mining Saim being also of record in the County in the County Recorder of Cochise County in the Territory of Arizona. The presumed general course or direction of the said White Tailed Personnel of the said White Tailed Course or direction of the said Whi aim heing also of record in the office of the Deer vein, lode or mineraldeposit being shown, as near as can be known from present developments, upon the plat thereof filed with the Register of the Land Office as aforesaid, this claim, and the patent now applied for being for fitteen hundred linear feet thereof, trigether with the surface ground shown upon said official plat; the said claim, vein, lode and mining tremises hereby sought to be patented, being bounded as follows, to wit: On the N E by the Sweepstakes M. C.; on the N W by the Little Jake M. C.; S W by the Cambridge M. C.; and on the S E by the Deer Park M. C. The said claim being designated on said official plat as lot No. 60, and survey No. 816.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the miting ground, vein, lode or premises, or any portion thereof, so surveyed, platted, described and patent applied for, are Lereby notified that

and patent applied for, are kereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed with the Register of the U. S. Land Office, at Tucson, in the Territory of Arizona, during the sixty days publication of this notice, they will be for yet barred from asserting any such claims. A d I hereby order that this notice be published for ten (10) consecutive weeks, in the week y issue of the Tombstone Weekly EPITAPH a new spaper published in the Town of Tombthe County of Cochise and Territory

A. D. DUFF, Register.

Summons.

In the District Court of the First fudical Discret of the Territory of Fizona, in and for the only of Cechse, Robert C. Kettlewell, pain iff vs. Josephine B. Kettlewell, defendant. pain iff vs Josephine B Kettlewell, defendant. Action brought in the District Court of the First indical District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Cochise, and he complaint filed in the said County of Cochise, and the first of the Lerk of said District Court. The Ferritory of Arizona sends greeting to osephine B. Kettlewell, deschant. You are berely required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plantiff, in the District Court of the First Judicas District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Cochise, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service), after the service exclusive of the day of service), after the service n you of this summons (if served within this ounty; or if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within thirty days), or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said compliant.

Given under my hand and seal of the Disrict ours of the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Cochise, this a6th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty SEAL

GEO. H. DAILY,

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Edward Switt, deceased: Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the said estate, to the treditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within four months after the first pub-lication of this notice, to the said A ministraat the office of Charles G. Johnson, Atto ney

at Law, Tombstone Arizona.

J. A. Koska.

Public Administrator, County of Cochise. Combstone Aug. 20, 1827.

Notice to Creditors.

(Estate of Antoine Marilius, deceased.) Notice is hereby given by the undersigned deceased to the creditors of and all persons have ing claims against the said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers within ten months after the first publication of this notice to the said administrator, at Macneal, Moore & Co, s store, on Allen street, Tombstone, Arizona territory, the same being the place for the transaction of the business of said estate. PASCAL BALLADE.

Administrator of the estate of Antoine Marilius Next door to J. V. Vickers.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENT. APPLICATIONS FOR PATENT

(First Publication Sept. 10, 1887.) APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT NO. 489. Notice of Application of Charles W. Leach for a U. S. Patent for North Point Mining Claim,

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE Tucson, Ariz., September s. A. D. 1887. S To all Whom it May Concern:

To all Whom It MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that Charles W,
Leach, whose postoffice address is Tombstone,
Arizona, has filed an application in this office
for a United States patent for fourteen hundred
linear feet of the North Point mining claim,
vein, lode or mineral deposit, bearing silver and
gold, with surface ground six hundred feet in
width, lying and being situated in the Tombstone Mining District, County of Cochise and
Territory of crizona. And the said charles
W. Leach being now about to make application
through this office to the United States for a
patent for said mining claim, which claim is
more fully and particulary described as to metes

through this office to the United States for a patent for said mining clain, which claim is more fully and particularly described as to metes and bounds by the official plat and field notes thereof, now on nie with the Register of the U. S. land office at Tuc-on, Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with magnetic variation at 11° 43° E as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the initial monument at a 4 inch post marked I. M. North Point M. C. No. 1, from which U. S. M. M. No. 1 bears S 36° 37′ W 3451 feet, corner to sections 1 and 2 N boundary T 20 S R 2 E bears N 5° 41′ W 8045 feet; thence N 50° 41′ 286 feet to a 4 inch post, marked N. P. M. C. No. 2; thence N 22° 37′ E 1403 feet to a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 4; thence S 50° 41′ E 300 feet to a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 22° 54′ W 1373 feet so a 4 inch post marked N. P. M. C. No. 6; thence N 50° 41′ E 300 feet to post No. 1, the place of beginning. Containing 9.563 acres. Said mining claim is also of record in the office of the County Recorder of the County of other and Territory of Arizona. The presumed general course or direction of the said North Point win. lode or mineral de-The presumed general course or direction of the said North Point vein, lode or mineral deposit oring shown is n ar s can be determined from p esent developments, upon the said official plan hear with the R gister as aforesaid. This claim being or to at ea hundred linear feet thereof, t ge how with the surface ground shown man against these particles.

Weekly EPITAPH, a newspaper published in the town of Tombstone, County of Cochise, in the Territory of Arizona.

A. D. DUFF, Register. (First Publication Sept. 10, 1887.)

APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT NO. 488. folice of the Application of W. J. Taylor tor a Patent to the Perseverance

Mining Clates.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, TUCSON, Ariz., September 2, A. D. 1887. TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
Notice is hereby given that W. J. Taylor, whose postoffice address is Tembstone, Arizona, has filed his application in this office for a U. S. raten, to eleven, bundred, and thirt, five and patent to eleven hundred and thirty-five and 3-10 linear feet of the Perseverance mining claim, vein, lode or mineral deposit, bearing silver and gold, with surface ground six hundred teet in width, lying and being situated within the Tombstone Mining District, County of Cochise and Territory of Arizona. And the said W. J. Taylor is about making application through this office to the United States for a patent to said mining claim, which said claim is more fully and particularly de-cribed as to metes and bounds by the official plat and field notes of the survey thereof, now on file in the office of the Register of the U. S. land office at Tucson, Arizona. which field notes of survey patent to eleven hundred and thirty-five and Tucson, Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said

post marked i. M. Perseverance M. C. No. 1; thence S 7.º 44 E 300 teet to a 4 inch post marked P. M. C. No. 2; thence N 17° 23' E 999.5 feet to a 4 inch post marked P. M. C. No. 3; thence N 43° 42' W 300 teet to a 4 inch post marked P. M. C. No. 4, from which post the U. S M. M. No. 6 bears S 83° 02' E 6894 feet; U. S M. M. No. 6 hears S 83 oz E 6894 feet; the corner of sections one and two north boundary T 20 S 22 E bears N 30° 25' E 18 083 feet; thence N 43° 42' W 300 feet to 24 inch post marked P. M. C. No. 5; thence S 19° 16' W 1135.3 feet to 24 inch post marked P. M. C. No. 6; thence S 43° 42' E 300 feet to post No. 2 the place of beginning Containing 22 co. No. 6; thence > 43° 42′ E goo feet to post No. 12 the place of beginning. Containing 13,00 acres. Said mining ciaim is also of record in the office of the County Recorder of the County of Cochise and Territory of Arizona, and the presumed general course or direction of the said vein, lode or mineral deposit being shown as near as can be determined from present developments upon the said official plat filed with the Register of the land office as aforesaid. The said vein, lode and mining premises, hereby

the Register of the land office as aforesaid. The said vein, lode and mining premises, hereby sought to be patented being bounded as follows, to-wit: Northeast by the Central M. C., on the South-ast by the Comodore M. C., and upon the Southwest by the Lillie G. M. C., said claim is designated on said plat as lot No. 198, and survey No. 814.

Any and all resons claiming adversely the mining ground, vero lode or premises or any part them of, so dessified surveyed, platted and patent applied or a reherery notified that unless them as vesse claims remove field with the Register of he U. S. Ind office at Tucson, in the Terrtory for izora, our ng the sixty days the Terr tory forizona, ou ng the exty days publication o tilen ie the will be orever barred from seeting any unclaim.

And I hereby ord that this not cr be publication. lished for ten (10)
Weekly I PITAPH, a 1 ws aper publis o
Tombstone, tochis Cours, Termo y of Ari
A. D. Luff, R. gister.

Summons.

In the Justice's Court, of Precinct No. One In the Justice's Court, of Precinct No. One. County of Cochise, Territory of Arizona. Before Ino. C. Easton, a Justice of the Peace.

Julia Long, plaintiff, vs. John Meaher, a non-resident, defendant. Action brought in said Justice's Ceurt, and the compiaint filed in the said Court by the said justice of the Peace in the said County of Cochise.

he Territory of Arizona sends greeting to John Meaher, a non-resident of the Territory of Arizona, defendant, you are hereby summoned

Arizona, defendant, you are hereby summoned and required to appear in an action brought again t you by the above named plaintif in the said Justice's Court, before said justice of the Peace, at his office on allen street, City of Tombsten, Cochise County aforesaid, and to a worth aid compaint filed therein, within five days (excusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if erved within this precinct, or if served without this practice, but in this County, within ten days. precinct, but in this County, within ten days; or if served out of this County within fifteen days; otherwise within twenty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said compaint. The said action is brought to recover a balance due for services in taking care of your crippled dau hter, and you are bereby notified that if dau, hter, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the plaintiff will apply for judgment by default against you for said sum and all costs.

Given under my hand at my said office this 8th day of Sept. A. D., 1887.

JNO. C. EASTON,

Justice of the Peace in and for said Precinct,

County and Territory.

CHARLES GRANVILLE JOHNSTON.

Attorney and Counselor at Law. City of Tombstone, Fremont Street, bet Fourth and Fifth.

(First Publication Sept. 10, 1887.) APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATENT NO. 495

Notice of Application of Charles W. Leuch for a Patent to the Southern Belle Mining Claim.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Tucson, Ariz., September 2, A. D. 1887.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONC. RN: Notice is her by given that tharles W. Leach whose post ffice address is combstone, Arizona, has filed an application in this office for a United States patent for fourteen hundred and sixth-three linear feet of the Southern Belle sixth-three linear feet of the Southern Belle mining claim, vein, lode or initeral deposit bearing silver and gold, with surface ground six hundred feet in width lying and being situated in the Tombstone Mining District, in the County of Cochise and Territory of Arizona, and the said Charles W. Lench being now about to make application through this office to the United States for a patent for said mining claim, which claim is more fully and particularly described as to metes and bounds by the official described as to metes and bounds by the official plat and field notes of survey thereof now on file with the Register of the U. S. land office at Tucson, Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with magnetic variation at 11° 43' East as follows, to-wit:

11* 43 East as follows, to wit:

Heginning at the initial monument mentioned in the location notice, and marking the southwesterly end center of the claim, at a post 4 inches square in a mound of stone, post market I. M. S. B. M. C. No. 1; thence S. 89° 21' E. 300 feet to a 4 inch post marked S. B. M. C. No. 2; thence N 43° 17' E 1252.7 feet to a 4 inch post marked S. B. M. C. No. 3; thence N 38° 37' W 70 feet, intersect ent line of Modoc M. C. lot No. 106, N 22° 59' E 66 feet from post marked M. M. C. No. 3, 295 eet intersect center line of claum, N 40° 33' E 135 feet from 4 inch post marked S. B. M. C. N. 4; thence N 89° 21' W 313 feet, intersect south end line of Michigan Central M. C. south 65° 04' E 30 feet from a post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 2, 315 feet intersect south end line of Michigan Central M. C. south 65° 04' E 30 feet from a post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 2, 315 feet intersect south end line of Modoc M. C. feet from a post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 2, 315 feet intersect south end line of Modoc M. C. lot No. 106, S 61° 18° E 29 feet from post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 2 and 49 feet from post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 2 and 49 feet from post marked S Ex. G. C. No. 4 351 feet intersect easterly side line S. Ex. G. C. M. C. lot No. 43. S 38° 50′ W 15,5 feet from location monument, a post 4 inches square marked S. B. M. C. No. 15, from which U. S. M. M. No. 1 bears N 39° 17′ W 1207 feet distant, the quarter section corner between ections 13 and 18 east boundary 1 20 N K 22 E bears S 79° 04′ E a 4 inch post marked S. B. M. C. No. 6; thence S 89° 21′ E 284 feet to 05′ No. 1 the place of beginning six V y of exterior lines. Area 16 628 acres. The co flict of 82 acres with Michigan Central M. C. is not chaimed by the applicant, leaving the let trea 5 808 acres claimed. This mining the line was 15 of 100 feet of the county was 18° of 180 feet of 180 fee thereot, t go het with the surface ground shown upon and pit; he vin, lode and mining premises ough to be palented are bounded as follow to-wit: O he suth by he to be the nine and Silve Quarter on the west by the Silver Threat and Silve Quarter on the west by the Silver Threat and Silve Quarter on the west by the Silver Threat and Silver Belt; in the cast by the first and Silver Belt; in the cast by the first and Silver Belt; in the cast by the first and Silver Belt; in the cast by the first and Silver Belt; in the cast by the first and Silver Belt; in the cast by the Silver Threat and Silver Belt; in the cast by the silver Threat and Silver Belt; in the cast by the silver Threat and Silver Belt; in the cast by the silver Belt and Silve to be patented, being fourteen hundred and sixty-three linear feet thereof, together with the surface ground shown upon said official plat, the same teing bounded as follows, to-wit: On the Northeast by the Michigan Central Lor No. 179, on the Southeast by the Vanguard, on

No. 179, on the Southeast by the Vanguard, on the Southwist by the Rodman and on the Northwest by the . Ex. Gr nd Central Lot No 43. The same of in the green general as Lot No. 199, and the y No. 8.5 on the official plat of said mining class feet with the Register of the land office as after and.

Any and a loreson common adversely the mining ground, embed or premises or any part there f, o des het, since diplatted and patent updied or medically her field with the Register of the U.S. Land Office at Tucson, in the ferritory of Arizona, on ing the sixty days publication of this notice, they will be forever barred from asserting any such claims. And I hereby order hat this n tice be pub

ished for ten (10) weeks in the Tombston Weekly EPITAPH, a newspaper published in the Town of Tombstone, in the County of Cochise, Territory of Arizona.

A. D. Dupp, Register.

man can have his job print ing done in as good style and at as cheap a price in the office of the TOMBSTONE. EPITAPH as he can in any office on the coast. The best machinery the late styles of type and artistic printers combine in effecting this result. Don't send away your work result. Don't send away your work until you see our samples and learn prices. Patrenize home iodustry as you expect to be patronized, abolish rubber stamp abor-and to justices on l tiober stamp abortions and do business on business principles. Adopt the
golden rule as your maxim—"Do unto others as
you would have others do
unto you," a d when you
grow old you will be rich and
respected. When you die a
sorrowing community will erset
a monument over your remains and your soul
will go soaring in the realms of ethereal bliss.

Summons.

IN THE JUSTICE'S COURT OF PREeinet No. one, County of Cochise, Tomb-stone, Territory of Arizona Before John C. Easton, J. P. Charles G. Johnston, plaintiff, vs. Herman Leptien, defendant, who is alleged be a non-resident of Arizona. Action, debt and attachment; complaint filed in my office and aummons issued this day—for \$65. The erriory of Arizona to Herman L prien, a nons dent, de end int: You are hereby summoned
and required to appear and answer the compaint
a pia wiff at my office in the city of Tombstone. Cochise county, Arizona, within five days
should by summons be served upon you within this precinct; if served upon you without this precinct, but within this county, ten days; if served ut if the county, fifteen days; otherwise within twenty days (excluding the day of service) fr m the day this summons is served upon you. This action is brought to recover judgment against you for the sum of \$65; due judgment against you for the sum of \$95; due for professional services of plaintiff as attorney at law, \$40, and an account of Herring & Herring of \$25, essigned to plaintiff, and costs of suit. At dyou are h reby notified that should you fail to appear and answer within he time stated in this susemons, the said plaintiff will apply to the court of a judgment against you for said time are all total. Given under my for said un and all costs. Given under my hand at my or c in the city of Tombstone Cockies c unty, A 20 a this 1st day of Sep tember, 1887.

JOHN C EASTON, 5-41

Notice.

In the District Court of the First Judicial District of Arizona, in and for ochise County Robert C. Kettlewell vs. Josephine B. Kettle

Robert C. Kettlewell vs. Josephine B. Kettlewell, No. 1922.

To Josephine B. Kettlewell, the defendant in the above entitled and numbered suit.

Take notice that on or after the 30th day after the service by publication of this notice a commission will issue out of the District Court of the First Judicial District of Arizona in and for Cochise County, to take the deposition of Julia C. Kettlewell, a witness for plaintiff in the above entitled and numbered suit, now pending Iulia C. Kettlewell, a witness for plannin in the above entitled and numbered suit, now pending in said above named Court, in answer to certain interrogations propounded to her by Plaintiff, and now in file among the papers of said suit in the Clerk's office of said Court. Said witness resides at No. 649 Columbia avenue, in the City and County of Baltimore, State of Maryland.

District Court on this August a6: 1887.

[SEAL] GEO. H. DAILY,

Clerk of the District Court of Cochies County.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENT.

[First publication August 13, 1837.]

PPLICATION FOR T. S. PATENT NO. 4 otice of Application of the Copper Quee asolidated Mining Company for a E. s. Patent for the Belle Isle Mining Clarm.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,

Tucson, Ariz., Aug. 6, A. D. 1887. Notice is hereby given that the Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Company, by Ben Williams, its agent, whose post office a dress is Tombatone, Arazma, has filed its application in this office for a patent to 1473.5 linear feet of the Beile Isle vein, iode or mineral deposit, hearing gold silver coupper or other minerals. the Belle Isle vein, loie or mineral deposit, bearing gold, silver, copper or other minerals, with surface ground 578.5 feet in width, ly,ng and being situated within the Warren Mining District, in the County of Cochise, Territory of Arizona. And the said Company by its said agent being about to make application through this office to the United States for a patent to said mining claim, which claim is more fully and particularly described as to metes and bounds, by the plat and field notes of the official survey thereof now on file is the office of the Register thereof now on file is the office of the Register of the U. S. land office at Tucson, in the Ter-ritory of Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim

describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with magnetic variation at 12° 14' cast as tollows, to-wit:

Commencing at the initial monument situated at the West-end center of claim at a post 4X4 inches, five feet long, set in a moument of stones, post marked I. M. Belle Isle M. No. 1; thence N. 6° 46' W. 278.5 feet to a post 5. in monument of stones, markent B. I. M. C. No. 2: thence N. 82° 09' E. 1435.5 feet to a Stoke set in a monument of 1435 5 few to a stoke set in a monument of ston s, take mark d B. I. M. C. No. 3; thence S. 1; 20' 300 set to a stake set in a monument of stoces and market B. I. M. C. No. 44 ment of stokes and marked B. I. M. C. No. 45 same course 153 fee to a take set in a monument of stokes, scale marked B. I. M. C. No. 55, thence S. 77° og W. 1462 feet to a stake set in a monument of stokes, and marked B. I. M. C. No. 55, thence S. 77° og W. 1462 feet to a stake set in a monument of stokes, and marked B. I. M. C. No. 65, thence N. 14° 29′ W. 300 feet to a stake being I. M. B. I. M. C. No. 1 the place of beginning consaining an area of 17,22 acressaid mining claim being also of record in the office of the County Recorder of the County of Cochise in the Territory of Arizona. The presumed general course or direction of the said Belle Isle vein, lode, or mineral deposit bring snown, as near as can be determined from present developments, upon the official plat filed with the Register of the land office aforesaid; and this claim being for 1473.5 linear feet the eof, together with the surface ground as shown upon said plat; the said Vein, lode and mining claim hereby sought and intended to be patented being bounded as follows, to-wit: On the north by the Atlanta M. C. (lot 40); on the south by the mastide and Copper Crown mining claims, and on the west by the Copper Globe and Hendricks mining claims; this claim is designated on said plat as lot No. 59 and survey No. 688.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, vein, lode or premises, or any

No. 688.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, vein, lode or premises, or any portion thereof, so described, surveyed, platted and patent applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are filed according to law with the Register of the U.S. Land office at Tucson in the Territory of Arizona, during the sixty days publication of this notice they will be torever barred from asserting any such claim.

claim.

And I hereby order that this notice be published for a period of sixty days in the Tombstone Weekly Epitaph, a newspaper published at Tombstone, in the County of Cochise and Territory of Arisona.

A. D. DUFF. Register.

A. D. DUFF, Register.

First publication August 6, 1887.

APPLICATION FOR U. S. PATEST No. 476 Nortee of Application of Charles W. Lenel for a U.S. Patent for the Last Chance No. 2 Mining Claim

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, United States Land Office, and Tucson, Ariz, July 28, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that Charles W. Leach, whose post office address is Tombstone, Arizona, has filed his application for a patent to three hundred and fifty-one linear feet of the Last Chance No. 2 mining claim vein, lode or mineral deposit bearing silver and gold, with surface ground three hundred and ninety-five and eigh-tenths feet in width, lying and being in the Tombstone Mining District, in the county of Cochise and territory of Arizona, and that sid Leach is about to make application to the s id Leach is about to make application to the which claim is more fully described as to metes and bounds by the efficial plat and survey there of now on file in the office of the Register of the U. S land office at Tucson, in the territory of Arizon, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface, with magnetic variation, at

describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface, with magnetic variation, at 11° 43° 1°, a follows to wit:

ommencing at the initial monument, a four inch post in a monument of stones, post marked I. M. 1 ast 1 hance No. 2 M. C. No. 1, from which U. N. M. M. No. 1 bears S. 6° 20′ W. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet distant; corner of sections 1 and 2 N. 1572 feet to 2 4 inch post marked L. C. No. 2 M. C. No. 2; thence N. 43° 66′ E. 359 feet to 2 4 inch post in a mot ument of tones post marked L. C. No. 2 M. C. No. 2; thence N. 43° 66′ E. 359 feet to 2 4 inch post in a mot ument of stones part e. L. C. No. 2 M. C. No. 2 M. C. No. 2 M. C. No. 4, b ars 3 11′ 30′ W. feet distant on the south in f °u but M. 1; thence S. 28° 20′ 41′ teet 0 · 41′ tel 10′ mat · 1 ° C. No. 2 M. C. No. 2 M. 1 ° C. 1 ° C. 1 ° C. No. 2 M. 1 ° C. 1 ° C. 1 ° C. No. 2 M. 1 ° C. 1 ° C. No. 2 ° C. No. 2 ° C. 1 ° C. No. 2 ° C. 1 ° C. No. 2 ° C. No.

O. 809. Any and all persons claiming adversely th Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground, Vein, lode, pramises or any portion thereof, so described, surveyed, platted and applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed with the Register of the U. S. land office at Tucson, in the territory of Arizona, during the sixty days publication of this notice, they will be forever barred from asserting any such adver a claim.

And I hereby order that the foregoing notice be published for ten weeks in the Tombstone Epitaph, a weekly newspaper published at Tombstone, in the county of Cochise and territory of Arizona.

A. D. DUFF, Register.

Notice of Forfeiture.

To Daniel O'Toole, Frank Donnelly, R. J. Pryke, J. G. Parke and all others interested. You are hereby notified that the undersigned has expended during the years 1884 and 1886 one hundred dollars worth of work in the performance of the annual labor upon the Sea Surge mine, situated in the Tombstone Mining district, Cochise county, Territory of Arizona, in order to hold the same as required by Section 3224 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and you are further notified that the money so expended upon said Sea Surge mine is due to the undersigned, and if you or your heirs or assigns fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of the sum so expended within ninety days after the publication of this notice, will become the property of the undersigned. become the property of the undersigned.

EUGENE PRITCHARD,
J. J. McCLELLAND.

Dated Tombstone, June 25th, 1887.

To the Public.

Having purchased the entire interest of Jos. Pascholy in the undertaking business in this city, I will hereafter devote my especial attention to said business. Embalming and the preparing of bodies Maryland.

Given under my hand and the seal of said for removal a specialty. Orders filled in any part of the county.

A. J. RITTER.

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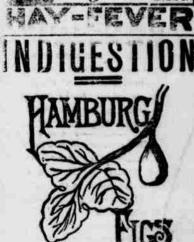
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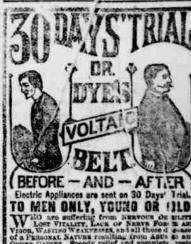




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